GPIO

The old sysfs GPIO interface is deprecated and will be phased out of the kernel. As part of this the base offset of GPIO ports has been omitted in the kernel. Setting the base GPIO number to zero will result in a boot up error on kernels from 6.6. At the same time, the sysfs interface to the GPIOs has been deprecated - some distributions have already disabled it and are expecting users to go through libgpiod. In 6.6, high-numbered GPIOs - probably still available by sysfs, but eventually that will be switched off.

Query GPIO ports

From 6.5 onwards, the Pi kernel is not forcing a base GPIO for the main GPIO driver. Whilst the sysfs API is still enabled, the base GPIOs will change. The dynamic assignment generally starts at 512 and counts down. If you really need to track down a GPIO using sysfs, look through /sys/class/gpiochipN/ for a device with an appropriate label or ngpio, and then use base to determine the GPIO number.

```
cat /sys/kernel/debug/gpio
-------------------------
gpiochip0: GPIOs 512-565, parent: platform/3f200000.gpio, pinctrl-bcm2835:
 gpio-512 (ID_SDA             )
 gpio-513 (ID_SCL             )
 gpio-514 (GPIO2              )
 gpio-515 (GPIO3              )
 gpio-516 (GPIO4              )
 gpio-517 (GPIO5              |sysfs               ) in  hi
 gpio-518 (GPIO6              )
 gpio-519 (GPIO7              )
 gpio-520 (GPIO8              )
 gpio-521 (GPIO9              )
 gpio-522 (GPIO10             )
 gpio-523 (GPIO11             )
 gpio-524 (GPIO12             )
 gpio-525 (GPIO13             )
 gpio-526 (GPIO14             )
 gpio-527 (GPIO15             )
 gpio-528 (GPIO16             )
 gpio-529 (GPIO17             )
 gpio-530 (GPIO18             )
 gpio-531 (GPIO19             )
 gpio-532 (GPIO20             )
 gpio-533 (GPIO21             )
 gpio-534 (GPIO22             )
 gpio-535 (GPIO23             )
 gpio-536 (GPIO24             )
 gpio-537 (GPIO25             )
 gpio-538 (GPIO26             )
 gpio-539 (GPIO27             )
```

```
 gpio-540 (SDA0                )
 gpio-541 (SCL0                )
 gpio-542 (NC                  )
 gpio-543 (LAN_RUN             )
 gpio-544 (CAM_GPIO1           )
 gpio-545 (NC                  )
 gpio-546 (NC                  )
 gpio-547 (PWR_LOW_N           |PWR                ) in  lo
 gpio-548 (NC                  )
 gpio-549 (NC                  )
 gpio-550 (USB_LIMIT           )
 gpio-551 (NC                  )
 gpio-552 (PWM0_OUT            )
 gpio-553 (CAM_GPIO0           |cam1_regulator     ) out lo
 gpio-554 (SMPS_SCL            )
 gpio-555 (SMPS_SDA            )
 gpio-556 (ETH_CLK             )
 gpio-557 (PWM1_OUT            )
 gpio-558 (HDMI_HPD_N          |hpd                ) in  hi ACTIVE LOW
 gpio-559 (STATUS_LED          |ACT                ) out lo
 gpio-560 (SD_CLK_R            )
 gpio-561 (SD_CMD_R            )
 gpio-562 (SD_DATA0_R          )
 gpio-563 (SD_DATA1_R          )
 gpio-564 (SD_DATA2_R          )
 gpio-565 (SD_DATA3_R          )

gpiochip1: GPIOs 566-569, parent: usb/1-1.4:1.0, ftdi-cbus, can sleep:
```

GPIOD

You can install the libraries and tools to interact with this device, using sudo apt install gpiod. This will install the gpiod tools, and the libgpiod2 library to let you interact with the device from your own code.

```
# apt install gpiod --> runtime
# apt install libgpiod2  --> build libraries
```

- gpiodetect – list all gpiochips present on the system, their names, labels and number of GPIO lines
- gpioinfo – list all lines of specified gpiochips, their names, consumers, direction, active state and additional flags
- gpioget – read values of specified GPIO lines
- gpioset – set values of specified GPIO lines, potentially keep the lines exported and wait until timeout, user input or signal
- gpiofind – find the gpiochip name and line offset given the line name
- gpiomon – wait for events on GPIO lines, specify which events to watch, how many events to process before exiting or if the events should be reported to the console

```
# gpiodetect
------------
gpiochip0 [pinctrl-bcm2835] (54 lines)
gpiochip1 [ftdi-cbus] (4 lines)
```

```
# gpioinfo
----------
gpiochip0 - 54 lines:
    line   0:     "ID_SDA"       unused   input  active-high
    line   1:     "ID_SCL"       unused   input  active-high
    line   2:      "GPIO2"       unused   input  active-high
    line   3:      "GPIO3"       unused   input  active-high
    line   4:      "GPIO4"       unused   input  active-high
    line   5:      "GPIO5"      "sysfs"   input  active-high [used]
    line   6:      "GPIO6"       unused   input  active-high
    line   7:      "GPIO7"       unused   input  active-high
    line   8:      "GPIO8"       unused   input  active-high
    line   9:      "GPIO9"       unused   input  active-high
    line  10:     "GPIO10"       unused   input  active-high
    line  11:     "GPIO11"       unused   input  active-high
    line  12:     "GPIO12"       unused   input  active-high
    line  13:     "GPIO13"       unused   input  active-high
    line  14:     "GPIO14"       unused   input  active-high
    line  15:     "GPIO15"       unused   input  active-high
    line  16:     "GPIO16"       unused   input  active-high
    line  17:     "GPIO17"       unused   input  active-high
    line  18:     "GPIO18"       unused   input  active-high
    line  19:     "GPIO19"       unused   input  active-high
    line  20:     "GPIO20"       unused   input  active-high
    line  21:     "GPIO21"       unused   input  active-high
    line  22:     "GPIO22"       unused   input  active-high
    line  23:     "GPIO23"       unused   input  active-high
    line  24:     "GPIO24"       unused   input  active-high
    line  25:     "GPIO25"       unused   input  active-high
    line  26:     "GPIO26"       unused   input  active-high
    line  27:     "GPIO27"       unused   input  active-high
    line  28:       "SDA0"       unused   input  active-high
    line  29:       "SCL0"       unused   input  active-high
    line  30:         "NC"       unused   input  active-high
    line  31:    "LAN_RUN"       unused  output  active-high
    line  32:  "CAM_GPIO1"       unused  output  active-high
    line  33:         "NC"       unused   input  active-high
    line  34:         "NC"       unused   input  active-high
    line  35:  "PWR_LOW_N"        "PWR"   input  active-high [used]
    line  36:         "NC"       unused   input  active-high
    line  37:         "NC"       unused   input  active-high
    line  38:  "USB_LIMIT"       unused  output  active-high
    line  39:         "NC"       unused   input  active-high
    line  40:   "PWM0_OUT"       unused   input  active-high
    line  41:  "CAM_GPIO0" "cam1_regulator" output active-high [used]
    line  42:   "SMPS_SCL"       unused  output  active-high
```

```
    line  43:   "SMPS_SDA"       unused   input  active-high
    line  44:    "ETH_CLK"       unused   input  active-high
    line  45:   "PWM1_OUT"       unused   input  active-high
    line  46: "HDMI_HPD_N"        "hpd"   input   active-low [used]
    line  47: "STATUS_LED"        "ACT"  output  active-high [used]
    line  48:   "SD_CLK_R"       unused   input  active-high
    line  49:   "SD_CMD_R"       unused   input  active-high
    line  50: "SD_DATA0_R"       unused   input  active-high
    line  51: "SD_DATA1_R"       unused   input  active-high
    line  52: "SD_DATA2_R"       unused   input  active-high
    line  53: "SD_DATA3_R"       unused   input  active-high
gpiochip1 - 4 lines:
    line   0:      unnamed       kernel   input  active-high [used]
    line   1:      unnamed       kernel   input  active-high [used]
    line   2:      unnamed       kernel   input  active-high [used]
    line   3:      unnamed       kernel   input  active-high [used]
```

Links

- https://www.auctoris.co.uk/2023/08/18/how-not-to-use-sysfs-for-gpio-on-a-raspberry-pi-how-you-should-do-it-in-2023/
- https://openwrt.org/docs/techref/hardware/port.gpio