

Debian Networking

On a typical Debian-based distribution, you have three major packages available for that purpose:

- ifupdown (daemon: networking)
- NetworkManager
- systemd (daemon: systemd-networkd)

In general, you should choose one and stick to it, even if ifupdown works well with NetworkManager it can still creates unexpected configuration issues.

ifupdown

Quite deprecated but reliable, you might encounter it on many older systems. The config is stored in `/etc/network/interfaces` and managed by the `networking.service` daemon which is a wrapper around the `ifup` and `ifdown` commands which are also wrappers themselves around `ifconfig` (or `ip` for `ifupdown2`).

Read the man at `ifupdown`.

NetworkManager

Usually included with desktop distributions since many graphical front-ends are available, the config is stored in `/etc/NetworkManager` and managed by the `NetworkManager.service` daemon.

You can manage the config with the included `nmcli` or `nmtui` utilities.

Read the man at `NetworkManager`.

systemd-networkd

Usually used on server distributions and the official successor to `ifupdown` as it is included within `systemd`, the config is stored in `/etc/systemd/network` and managed by the `systemd-networkd.service` daemon.

Read the man at `systemd-networkd`. `dhclient`

Although not a daemon, `dhclient` from `isc-dhcp-client` is nonetheless a very important package and often required on desktop distributions as you often need to obtain a IPv4 from a DHCP server.

Hopefully, as IPv6 (which uses SLAAC) is slowly being adopted, this will probably change in a near or distant future.

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